Liberty County Fair Housing Activity Statement – Texas

Recognizing that each jurisdiction is unique, this Fair Housing Activity Statement - Texas is intended to be used in conjunction with the Analysis of Impediments, Phase I as a form to help the applying jurisdictions perform assessments of their impediments to fair housing choice, plan actions to address identified impediments, and communicate their plans to the State of Texas and HUD.

<u>BEFORE</u> beginning to fill out this form, each jurisdiction should:

- (1) Participate in the regional FHAST Form training.
- (2) Review the 2010 Texas Interim Phase I AI in detail;
- (3) Gather relevant information (see instructions in Appendix A);
- (4) Convene a FHAST Working Group to assess the data collected in #2 and fill out the FHAST form (see instructions in Appendix A.)

Impediment #1	Protected classes may experience disparities in home mortgage lending
	and high cost loans.

No local action is required at this time.

Impediment #2	There is inad	equat	e info	ormation	n availa	ble to	o the real	estate commu	unity,
	governments	and	the	public	about	fair	housing	requirements	and
	enforcement p	roce	dures						

No local action is required at this time.

Impediment #3	The public is not sufficiently aware of their Fair Housing rights and how to
	obtain the assistance necessary to protect those rights.

- Consistent with the Fair Housing Act, the State of Texas, and funded sub-recipients should continue to promote and conduct events to celebrate April as Fair Housing Month, and direct sub-recipients to do the same. These events can demonstrate support for fair housing and build awareness.
 - ☑ We will commit to undertake Fair Housing Month activities. (Check all that apply.)
 ☑ Passage of a resolution by our governing body.
 ☐ Activities in schools.
 ☑ Placing posters in public buildings.
 ☑ Governing body will hold a special hearing to solicit input from the community.

		☐ Other. Please specify.
		When will you undertake these activities? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \boxtimes 2013
		Not Applicable (Explain)
2.	have shoul	istent with the Fair Housing Act, the State of Texas and funded sub-recipients historically conducted fair housing activities at various times of the year and d continue to fund, depending on sufficient appropriations, or collaborate with and private agencies, organizations and groups to plan and conduct fair housing ties.
		We will conduct/sponsor/fund in fair housing activities at various times of the year other than "April as Fair Housing Month". Attach a description of these activities and identify the organizations and agencies you have worked with.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011 ⊠ 2012 ⊠ 2013
		Not Applicable (Explain)
Imped	liment	"Not in my Backyard" (NIMBY) may be an impediment to fair housing in Texas communities.
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- 1. NIMBY opposition needs to be anticipated and planning and outreach should occur on the front end of projects. To mitigate defensive and reactive responses, planning should include strategies for education, outreach and marketing that provide accurate information and promote the positive aspects and benefits of affordable housing to build support among community residents.^[1]
- The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) provides extensive information about Fair Housing and examples at www.hud.gov. Generally communities should consider:
 - Working with local officials, editorial boards, religious and civic organizations and other community leaders to initiate education programs.
 - Seeking opportunities to present information to community organizations by requesting to be placed on their meeting agendas.
 - Including a visit to the Group Home residence as part of an education program.
 - Answering all questions.
 - Talking with local neighborhood leaders, including elected representatives, and setting up a neighborhood meeting.
 - Setting up a liaison committee consisting of advocates, group residents, and neighborhood residents to discuss issues.
 - Identifying areas that meet AFFH targets where the community supports
 development, has worked with community groups and potentially uses funds to
 assist the development of multi-family affordable housing.

	We have developed an anti-NIMBYism a	action plan. [Attach a d	copy or description]
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		We will develop an anti-NIMBYism action plan. [Designate who will be responsible for developing this plan.] When will you do this? □ 2011 □ 2012 □ 2013
	Puk	olic Management, Inc. will develop the anti-NIMBYism action plan.
		Not Applicable (Explain)
<u>Impedir</u>	nent i	Certain governmental policies and practices may not meet current HUD policy concerning affirmatively furthering fair housing. Jurisdictions should act to ensure that their policies and procedures affirmatively further fair housing, address mal-distribution of resources, and that they do not unnecessarily impact housing choice.
1.	juriso the p treatr to hir infras (Appo comr	art of certifying that a community is affirmatively furthering fair housing, lictions that have long-term infrastructure plans should review them to determine if lan promotes racial concentrations or otherwise inadvertently results in disparate ment of members of protected classes. While not intended to direct a community e a consultant, it is anticipated that a community will review its long-term structure plans as part of this recommended action. In reviewing the project list endix F of the Phase 1 Al) there are many projects that are listed as being of nunity-wide benefit. The records do not indicate the actual location of projects or de adequate discussion of how the projects benefit the entire community.
		We have a long-term infrastructure plan and will review the plan to determine if it promotes racial concentrations or otherwise inadvertently results in disparate treatment of members of protected classes as it relates to the availability of housing.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
		We have already collected information on the locations of protected populations and have adequate information for insuring that new projects with "citywide benefits" will not perpetuate illegal differences in treatment.
	\boxtimes	We will use the information in the AI to ensure that proposed projects do not perpetuate illegal differences in treatment.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011 Not Applicable (Explain)
2.	hous	has been determined under federal law that Fair Housing applies to all federal ing and community development funds, to reduce "siloing" the fair housing conent into only housing-related programs, fair housing should be considered in all ties for all local community planning staff.

		We have determined that consideration of Fair Housing implications has already been incorporated into all aspects of planning in this jurisdiction. [Please attach supporting documentation.]
		We will review and insure that Fair Housing implications are addressed in all aspects of planning in this jurisdiction in a manner consistent with the guidelines provided by the state at the FHAST form training and maintain documentation of that review.
		When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \boxtimes 2013
	Pro	ject planning will consider all demographics within the County.
		Not Applicable (Explain)
3.	such	uld be beneficial for local elected officials to require senior staff of any subrecipient as a city or county—including managers and attorneys—to receive available Fair sing training within the first 12 months of their employment or engagement.
		We have a policy in place providing for all senior staff – including managers and attorneys – to receive Fair Housing training within their first 12 months on the job, and for long-term senior staff to receive regular updated training. [Attach copy of policy]
	\boxtimes	We do not have such a policy and will develop and implement one.
		When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \square 2013
		erty County has established a Fair Housing Work Group and the Senior Staff re already attended Fair Housing Training and Workshops.
		Not Applicable (Explain)
4.	educ or co traini	art of what is usually a common initial training by the associations that provide ation opportunities for newly-appointed board members or newly-elected council mmissioners court members of cities and counties, the state should request that ng include specific information on the Fair Housing Act—with a discussion of natively furthering fair housing obligations.
		No local action is required at this time.
5.	impro not d	I communities should consider limiting the concentration of infrastructure overnents like wastewater treatment, solid waste disposal, or similar necessary but esirable infrastructure projects in residential areas where there are concentrations otected classes.
		We have an official policy that limits the concentration of certain infrastructure improvements. [Attach a copy.]

	□ We have official policies and procedures that take the location of protected classes into account when deciding where to locate undesirable infrastructure improvements. [Attach a copy.]	
	We do NOT have limits on the concentration of undesirable infrastructure improvements or policies and procedures that take the residential location of members of protected classes into account, but will develop formal limits or official policies and procedures.	
	When will you do this? \square 2011 \square 2012 \boxtimes 2013	
	□ Not Applicable (Explain)	
6.	Communities electing to provide publicly financed housing incentives should be requested to call for recipients to engage in affirmative marketing.	
	☐ We have a policy requiring Affirmative Marketing Plans from developers seeking tax abatements or other supports for new housing.	
	oxtimes We do not have such a policy and will develop and implement one.	
	When will you do this? ⊠ 2011	
	☐ Not Applicable (Explain)	
7.	If a jurisdiction is a non-entitlement community, when working in LMI areas to replace roads or other infrastructure, the jurisdiction should consider making application for additional sources of funding to provide assistance to repair substandard housing associated with the project (i.e., TDHCA or HUD.)	
	 We formally consider accessing supplementary funds when infrastructure proposals are developed. [Attach policies.] 	
	We have not consistently done this in the past and we will develop a process to formally consider making housing funding applications when funds for infrastructure projects are sought.	
	When will you do this? ⊠ 2011 ⊠ 2012 ⊠ 2013	
	□ Not Applicable (Explain)	
8.	Most infrastructure projects take into account items like curb cuts, sidewalks, hearing and visually impaired indicators at intersections. When approving non-federally funde projects, similar special needs construction should be required for infrastructure	d

improvements. Projects should also address other legacy discrimination issues, such as accessibility in public areas like courthouses, community centers and other high

traffic areas.

		We currently require that applications for non-federally-funded infrastructure projects are ADA compliant and address other legacy discrimination issues.
	\boxtimes	We do not have such a requirement. We will develop one.
		When will you do this? ⊠2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
9.	feder Activi infras housi comn of the	jurisdiction applying for Community Development Block Grant funds or other al housing and community development funds should submit a Fair Housing ties Statement – Texas (FHAST) with their application, reviewing their structure needs and housing needs and how the proposed activity promotes fairing or results in more equitable treatment of protected classes. Projects with nunity-wide benefits should be accompanied by explicit commitments on the part a local jurisdictions to undertake additional activities to affirmatively further fairing along with a monitoring and reporting process.
	\boxtimes	We submit a FHAST form.
		When will you begin to do this? ⊠ 2011
		erty County has used past CDBG funding to improve conditions in areas of tected class concentrations.
		Not Applicable (Explain)
10.	low-ir deter	art of the non-housing disaster recovery program, jurisdictions should consider areas and areas populated principally by members of protected classes to mine the potential for flooding and consider making infrastructure expenditures to protect the impacted communities—including colonias.
		We have reviewed LMI areas and areas populated principally by members of protected classes, and prioritized infrastructure expenditures to help protect the impacted communities—including colonias.
	Lib	erty County has reviewed and provided this through current and past CDBG and Disaster Recovery Projects.
		We have not done this in the past but will conduct such a review and consider these infrastructure projects in the future.
		When will you do this? \square 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
11.	disas	blicable, all policies should be reviewed regarding denying applicants' access to ter recovery CDBG funds if their residence is located in the flood plain. If the does not allow participation by restricting building in flood plains, then the policy

classes are more frequently harmed by flood plain restrictions. This action does not apply to the GLO CDBG Disaster Relief Fund that limits property purchase "unless TXCDBG receives satisfactory evidence that the property to be purchased was not constructed or purchased by the current owner after the property site location was officially mapped and included in a designated flood plain." We have completed this review and analysis and will take action on our findings. appropriate actions based on our findings for Round 2 programs. When will you do this? ⊠ 2011 Liberty County operates the Disaster Recovery Housing Assistance Program for residents in Liberty County. The policy is to elevate and accommodate structures within the flood plain rather than deny them opportunity. Not Applicable (Explain) 12. When an entire community is in a flood plain, the community should establish clear standards that allow for proper elevation or relocation, and that also allows for visitability/special needs considerations consistent with state^[3] and federal law. ☐ We have established clear standards that allow for proper elevation of homes or for relocation, and also allow for visitability/special needs considerations consistent with state and federal law. [Attach documentation.] We have not developed these standards but will do so for Round 2 programs. When will you do this? ⊠2011 ☐ Not Applicable (Explain) 13. Local jurisdictions that accommodated the relocation of disaster survivors resulting in concentrations of protected class survivors in specific areas should establish Moving to Opportunity Programs and include renters in their Moving to Opportunity Programs as defined under Round 2. ☐ This action step applies to our jurisdiction. We will establish a Moving to Opportunity Program for disaster survivors as part of our Round 2 housing recovery program. When will you do this? ⊠ 2011 ☐ Not Applicable (Explain)

should be assessed to see if alternative housing programs could be implemented for the residents. Local jurisdictions should analyze the results and see if protected

^[3] Texas Government Code Section 2306.514

14.	jurisc econ- these Thes exter	istent with the process established in the Conciliation Agreement, local lictions and state agencies should work together to determine a demographic and omic profile of victims of the natural disaster and establish goals for assisting a populations in no less that the proportions they were impacted by the disaster. The goals should be performance goals and disaster recovery funds should be needed incrementally in a manner to ensure that these populations are equitably ted with benefits.
	\boxtimes	We will cooperate with state agencies to carry out this action step.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
15.	that a	frastructure programs funded with disaster recovery funds should be designed so any publicly accessible infrastructure projects and associated facilities are fully ssible to persons with disabilities.
		We have established clear policies and procedures to insure that all infrastructure programs funded with disaster recovery funds will be designed so that any publicly accessible infrastructure projects and associated facilities are fully accessible to persons with disabilities. [Attach documentation.]
		We have not developed these standards and policies; we will do so for Round 2 infrastructure projects. The person or entity responsible for developing these standards will be Public Management, Inc. .
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
	□ 1	Not Applicable (Explain)
16.	dama that a of ap	istent with the Conciliation Agreement, family and elderly public housing units aged or destroyed by the disaster should be reconstructed or repaired in a manner affirmatively furthers fair housing utilizing disaster recovery funds within 24 months proval of the initial application for disaster recovery assistance for the local liction.
		We affirm that family and elderly public housing units damaged or destroyed by the disaster will be reconstructed or repaired in a manner that affirmatively furthers fair housing utilizing disaster recovery funds within 24 months of submission of the initial application for disaster recovery assistance by the local jurisdiction.
	⊠ It o	Not Applicable (Explain) The County does not have any public housing units. nly has a Section 8 Voucher program.

Governmental entities at all levels do not appear to have been proactive in the enforcement of both the Fair Housing Act and the obligation to affirmatively further fair housing. The State and subrecipients should implement a robust and effective structure for identifying and pursuing suspected violations.

1. Given the potential for increase in Fair Housing enforcement action by federal and state agencies and private organizations, an ongoing fair housing testing program for areas that receive federal housing and community development funds could be beneficial to protect state agencies and sub-recipients from potential repayment. Fair housing enforcement is a valid use of CDBG funding and can be used to establish testing programs by agencies trained in HUD testing procedures. The state, or local jurisdictions combining together, should consider conducting tests in areas that include the following: steering in sales and rental; the denial of and different terms and conditions based on race, national origin, familial status, and disability in sales and rental; predatory and disparate terms and conditions in lending and insurance; and foreclosure modification schemes targeting minority neighborhoods. The state should also consider education to applicable entities on self-testing and self-correction.

\boxtimes	We currently have a testing program for Fair Housing violations. For more information. We do not have a testing program for Fair Housing violations and plan to ablish one.
	When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \square 2013
Sta	We have a fair housing officer who receives complaints and then restigates fair housing violations. The County will work together with ate agencies such as TDHCA and others to provide testing in the unty.
	Not Applicable (Explain)

2. TDHCA should, as a pilot program, allocate funds to independent third parties or a combined jurisdiction team identified in point 1 of this section to provide similar testing to determine if additional enforcement is necessary.

No local action is required at this time.

- Impacted agencies that provide certification that they are affirmatively furthering fair
 housing as required by federal law, should consider publishing a public document on
 enforcement that provides the public and communities with a clear description (and
 chart) of the state and Federal Fair Housing Act.

		Not Applicable (Explain)
4.	local	community should place on its website (if one is available) the contact, at the state, and federal levels, for reporting a Fair Housing complaint, if citizens believe were victims of housing discrimination.
		We have published the contact information – at the local, state and federal levels – for reporting a Fair Housing complaint. [Attach a copy or URL.]
	\boxtimes	We have not done so but will do so.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
5.	by TI and p HUD Hous alleg fundi progr mem	local jurisdiction should publish on its website a clear statement, approved jointly DHCA, expressing the jurisdiction's obligation to affirmatively further fair housing providing a method for reporting suspected noncompliance to the state and to . The jurisdiction's contact person should be able to refer to clear local Fair sing procedures for the complaint process, keep logs and records of all inquiries, ations, complaints and referrals. These reports should be sent to the appropriate ng agency. Where these reports show that a jurisdiction has administered rams inconsistently with the AI and had the effect of discouraging applications from bers of protected classes who are deemed eligible under the plan for assistance, native marketing plans should be developed and submitted to the appropriate icy.
		We have published a policy statement expressing our jurisdiction's obligation to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing. [Attach a copy or URL.]
	\boxtimes	We will publish a policy statement consistent with the language the State provides in 2011.
	Wh	en will you do this? □ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
		We have developed clear procedures for the Fair Housing complaint process. [Attach a copy]
	\boxtimes	We will develop clear procedures for the Fair Housing complaint process once more guidance in given by the State in 2011.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)

	We keep complete logs and records of all Fair Housing inquiries, allegations, complaints and referrals and have a policy statement about these legal record					
		We will begin keeping required logs and records.				
		When will you do this? \square 2011				
	□ Not Applicable (Explain)					
	We have remedial procedures for developers, landlords, home sellers and o whose actions may be inconsistent with Fair Housing laws and regulations.					
		We do not have remedial procedures but will develop them. The agency or person who will be responsible for developing these procedures is County Judge				
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011				
		Not Applicable (Explain)				
<u>Impedi</u>	ment :	Many local jurisdictions have zoning codes, land use controls, and administrative practices that may impede fair housing choice and fail to affirmatively further fair housing.				
1.	for ch	aw anticipates that ordinances creating disparate impact should also be reviewed lange. If a disparate impact is determined to exist by the local jurisdiction, it could also amend the restriction, use public funds to offset the cost through homebuyer tance programs, or waive fees or other offsets to make the home more affordable.				
		We recently conducted or updated a Fair Housing Review of our ordinances and codes.				
		We have not done so but will conduct a review				
		We have a policy statement/guidance for those responsible for developing codes/ordinances that reminds them to consider and document the Fair Housing/AFFH implications of any new rule.				
		We do not have such a policy/guidance but will develop one when suggested guidelines are provided by the State in 2011.				
		When will you do this? \square 2011				
	⊠ pow	Not Applicable (Explain) The County does not have ordinance making ver. It can only enforce laws that are state statues.				

2.	furthe hous enco	elp limit concentrations that could be considered impediments to affirmatively ering fair housing, jurisdictions that have long term planning documents for ing growth or redevelopment, or revitalization plans, should consider allowing or uraging mixed income affordable housing in the plan and provide incentives for lopment of this type of housing in areas that are not concentrated.
		We recently conducted a Fair Housing Review and took/are taking appropriate action concerning our planning documents. [Attach a list of plans reviewed, a summary of findings, and actions you will take to remove impediments]
	\boxtimes	We have not done so but will conduct a Fair Housing Review after the State provides suggested guidelines in 2011.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)
		We have identified residential areas that show concentrations or underrepresentation of protected groups, and we encourage mixed-income affordable housing and other strategies to widen housing choice throughout our jurisdiction.
		We have not done so but will include this in our FHAST plan once guidelines are provided by the State in 2011.
		When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \square 2013
		Not Applicable (Explain)
3.	consi	l jurisdictions seeking CDBG Disaster Recovery funds from the state should der offering expedited permitting and review processes for affordable housing cts within high opportunity target zones.
		We currently offer incentives to developers to locate affordable housing projects in high opportunity neighborhoods and prevent overconcentration.
	\boxtimes	We have not done so but will.
		When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \square 2013
		Not Applicable (Explain)
<u>Impedi</u>	ment :	Inadequate planning for re-housing after an emergency situation creates a situation where persons who are uninsured or under-insured, low income, or special needs can be displaced for long periods of time.

1. Some legislators, the Sunset Commission, and communities acknowledge that while temporary disaster housing is a federal program, Texas should continue to provide

guidance to local governments on additional planning that needs to be done as part of the emergency preparedness planning to most efficiently work with FEMA.

No local action is required at this time.

hou pro buil hea can	much of what FEMA has previously offered is travel trailers or manufactured using, local governments should review their zoning requirements or other land use visions that restrict temporary housing or housing on an existing lot during the ding process and look at potential waivers that do not risk or negatively impact alth, safety, and welfare during a period after disasters so that low income persons move back to their existing communities with temporary housing while waiting for evelopment.
	We have reviewed our zoning requirements and other land use provisions and have provided waivers or other accommodations for post-disaster housing.
	We have not done so but will review our zoning and look at potential waivers.
	When will you do this? \square 2011 \square 2012 \square 2013
	Not Applicable (Explain) Liberty County has no zoning or land use.
Impediment	There are impediments in public and private actions and private attitudes to housing choice for persons with disabilities.
	To meet federal Fair Housing requirements for zoning and neighborhood uses, jurisdictions should look to determine if there are direct or indirect limitations in codes that would prevent facilities or personal residences from providing assistance or communities of choice or service-enriched environments that directly impact special needs persons.
	Local jurisdictions should work to ensure that zoning or code requirements do not unnecessarily impose stricter commercial building requirements, such as emergency access or protection services, on group homes, thereby dramatically increasing housing costs for persons with special needs.
	We have reviewed our codes and ordinances and have addressed/are addressing any impediments relating to special needs persons, including (1) rules that might prevent facilities or personal residences from providing assistance or communities of choice or service-enriched environments that directly impact special needs persons, and (2) rules that might unfairly increase the costs to special needs persons.
	We have not done so but will conduct a review and address any impediments identified once guidelines are provided by the State in 2011.

When will you do this? \boxtimes 2011

□ No	t Applicable (Explain)
Hous	jurisdictions should consider coordinating with the legislatively created ing and Health Services Coordination Council for best practices on working supportive services.
Se	e agree to coordinate with the legislatively created Housing and Health rvices Coordination Council staffed by TDHCA for best practices on working h supportive services.
	When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \square 2013
□ No	t Applicable (Explain)
Impediment #10	There are barriers to mobility and free housing choice for Housing Choic Voucher holders including: inadequate tenant counseling services and mobility assistance, failure of PHAs to apply for the FMR pilot demonstration funds, and government policies, procedures, and regulations that tend to decrease participation by private housing

other opportunity.

No local action beyond compliance with Round 2 Housing Guidelines is currently required but communities are encouraged to work with local public housing authorities to understand and overcome these impediments.

providers and to restrict available housing to "racially or low-income populated neighborhoods" with little access to economic, educational, or

Impediment #11

Loss of housing stock in Hurricanes Dolly and Ike compounded the shortage of affordable housing in disaster recovery areas. This shortage is particularly acute in safe, low-poverty neighborhoods with access to standard public services, job opportunities and good schools.

No local action is required at this time. TDHCA will develop a statewide strategic plan including guidance for local jurisdictions on the following Action Steps in 2011.

- To help offset the costs of developments that feature reduced rents without government support, local jurisdictions should consider establishing density bonuses to allow for higher levels of units per site for multifamily developments and single-family developments that propose increased affordability.
- 2. TDHCA and HUD have developed programs that preserve affordable housing. Continuing in this vein, the state and local jurisdictions should work to preserve existing affordable housing development and discourage them from converting to market rate housing. Requirements should be included in all publicly funded developments providing tenants with early and clear notification of the intention of management to convert to market rate housing and providing first right of refusal to nonprofit and public entities and organizations to purchase units to maintain affordability.

3. The state and local jurisdictions should consider using CDBG funds to buy down the cost of land in high-cost and high-opportunity development areas to increase affordable housing options in these areas.

Impediment #12 Lack of financial limits Fair Housin

Lack of financial resources for both individuals and housing providers limits Fair Housing choice. Using an effective program under Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 may help members of protected classes gain economic opportunities necessary to allow them to exercise fair housing choice.

1. The state is maximizing its resources in Round 2 of the Ike/Dolly funding to affirmatively further fair housing in single family and multi-family developments. As called for in the Conciliation Agreement, the state is looking to provide more integrated housing options for persons in racially concentrated or poverty concentrated neighborhood groups. In single-family programs, the state should require subrecipients to offer the opportunity to relocate out of floodplain areas, concentrations of racial minorities, or concentrations of poverty—through the Homeowner Opportunity Program. Any relocation should be into an area that does not result in simply relocating the high-concentration from one area to another.

Local jurisdictions will be responsible for complying with Section 3 as part of their contract with the state.

- Jurisdictions receiving federal funds from HUD, directly or indirectly, should ensure
 they have a compliant Section 3 program to meet HUD requirements regarding
 notification to LMI eligible persons of potential job creation at the impacted
 neighborhood level with federal funds.
 - We have in place a Section 3 program that meets the requirements of federal law and regulations regarding potential job creation at the impacted neighborhood level and the use of federal funds to hire local LMI eligible persons. We confirm that appropriate staff persons in this jurisdiction have already received training on Section 3, regarding job creation for local LMI persons including members of protected classes. [Attach Section 3 plan and list of staff names and training dates]
 - ☐ We have not done so but will develop a Section 3 program that meets the requirements of federal law and regulations and that ensure appropriate staff receive training.

When will you do this? ☐ 2011

Impediment #13

Location and lack of housing accessibility and visitability standards within political jurisdictions limits fair housing choice for persons with disabilities.

1. Local jurisdictions should consider establishing incentives for affordable housing applicants to create an increased set-aside of housing units for persons with disabilities or persons who are elderly without violating the existing TDHCA integrated housing rule.

		A and local jurisdictions should consider adding proximity to medical facilities as a g incentive for competitive programs using federal funds for proximity to medical es.			
3.	TDHCA should require that all federally funded housing construction be built to accessibility standards found in Texas Government Code §2306.514.				
		We have formally considered: 1) establishing incentives for affordable housing developers to create an increased set-aside of housing units for persons with disabilities or persons who are elderly without violating the existing TDHCA Integrated Housing Rule; 2) providing point incentives for units in proximity to medical facilities for competitive programs using federal funds; and 3) requiring new housing built with federal funds to be built with structures that allow for accessible features, regardless of whether the original occupant needs the features, as called for by state law. [Attach documentation of the review and resulting actions.]			
		We have not undertaken the above review, but plan to do so.			
		When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \boxtimes 2013			
		Not Applicable (Explain)			
<u>Imped</u>	iment :	·			
		infrastructure and protections against flooding and are impacted by flooding beyond events like Hurricanes Dolly and Ike.			
1.	colonia improv historia	·			
1.	colonia improv historia	ate, COGs, and local jurisdictions should examine the infrastructure needs in as, in particular the use of CDBG disaster recovery funds to provide drainage vements to correct flooding problems in the wake of Hurricane Dolly, and the cal provision of public infrastructure and housing assistance to meet those needs			
1.	colonia improv historia in bord	flooding beyond events like Hurricanes Dolly and Ike. ate, COGs, and local jurisdictions should examine the infrastructure needs in as, in particular the use of CDBG disaster recovery funds to provide drainage vements to correct flooding problems in the wake of Hurricane Dolly, and the cal provision of public infrastructure and housing assistance to meet those needs der and non-border colonias. We have identified the unserved infrastructure needs of colonias within our jurisdiction and whether these infrastructure improvements are eligible for			
1.	colonia improv historia in boro	flooding beyond events like Hurricanes Dolly and Ike. ate, COGs, and local jurisdictions should examine the infrastructure needs in as, in particular the use of CDBG disaster recovery funds to provide drainage vements to correct flooding problems in the wake of Hurricane Dolly, and the cal provision of public infrastructure and housing assistance to meet those needs der and non-border colonias. We have identified the unserved infrastructure needs of colonias within our jurisdiction and whether these infrastructure improvements are eligible for disaster recovery funding and, if so, whether those projects will be funded.			

Impedia	ment #	Minority neighborhoods in disaster areas are primarily served by non- regulated insurance companies that do not adhere to underwriting guidelines and may be discriminated against in the provision of insurance. Texas has passed aggressive statues to prevent insurance "redlining." National research indicates that protected classes face unwarranted disparities in the cost of insurance, the amount of coverage, and cancellation of policies without notice to the homeowner.
		No local action is required at this time.
Impedia	ment #	Many jurisdictions do not have adequate Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing or Fair Housing Plans, and do not keep sufficient records of their activities.
1.	by th	pients of CDBG funds from HUD for housing should maintain records as required e Fair Housing Act, HUD regulations, and the Conciliation Agreement in order to ment that they are carrying out their commitments and affirmatively furthering fair ing.
		We currently maintain all required records to document our AFFH actions and compliance with Fair Housing laws, HUD and State regulations, and the Conciliation Agreement. [Attach details of the records now kept and identify the person or entity responsible for keeping these records.]
		We have not done so but do so in compliance with GLO guidance.
		When will you do this? \square 2011 \square 2012 \square 2013
2.	Al aff Als of issue Hous ident	Not Applicable (Explain) equired under the Conciliation Agreement, the State will conduct a new Statewide ter HUD approval of the Phase 1 AI. Entitlement communities should conduct new or update current AIs to ensure that they address all recommended data and as and specifically address issues related to all protected classes under the Fair sing Act. Race and national origin, as well as the other protected classes, must be diffied independent of low and moderate-income categories in order to understand inpact of actions, practices, regulations, ordinances, and other factors on them.
		We recently completed a formal Analysis of Impediments, are currently updating an existing AI, or are conducting our first AI. [Attach most recent AI or draft.]
		We are using the FHAST form process to analyze our impediments to fair housing and plan how to address them.
		When will you do this? ⊠ 2011
		Not Applicable (Explain)

Alternative or additional Local Action Steps developed by this jurisdiction: To address						
unique impediments to fair housing within each community, local jurisdictions are encouraged to develop alternative action steps to be adopted in lieu of or in addition to those set out in the State of Texas Interim Analysis of Impediments to fair housing. If your jurisdiction elects to propose alternative or additional action steps, please describe them below.						
	$\hfill \square$ We plan to take additional Action Steps, described in an Attachment.					
\boxtimes	We will not take additional FH Action Steps at this time.					
	When will you do this? \square 2011 \boxtimes 2012 \boxtimes 2013					
	Not Applicable (Explain)					

County of Liberty Fair Housing Activity Statement—Texas FHAST Attachment

Impediment #3

2. A training session and public hearing will be held during a Commissioners Court meeting in which community leaders will be educated on the Fair Housing laws during second half of the year. Fair Housing activities usually take place in April. This will allow at least two times during the year when attention and education is given about the Fair Housing laws.

Impediment #4

The County's planning consultant, Public Management, Inc., will be responsible for developing an anti-NIMBYism action plan.

Impediment #5

15. The County of Liberty adheres to all Americans with Disabilities Act requirements for all of its infrastructure programs and has directed its engineers and architects to comply with the Act in their design and construction management of these programs.

Impediment #16

1. We keep files of all Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity actions and now the Conciliation Agreement. They include Fair Housing activities, and our Section 3 Local Opportunity Plan. These files are kept permanently by the County Judge's Office.

Resolution Section 3 Policy Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program

A resolution of the County of Liberty, Texas, to adopt a Section 3 Policy in accordance with 12 U.S.C. 1701u, (Section 3).

WHEREAS,

The County's participation in the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program requires that it strive to attain goals for compliance to Section 3 regulations by increasing opportunities for employment and by contracting with Section 3 residents and businesses within its jurisdictional boundaries in accordance with an adopted Section 3 Policy.

THEREFORE.

The County Commissioner Court hereby resolves to adopt a Section 3 Policy attached hereto and incorporated herein.

Passed and adopted by	the Cour	nty Comm	issioner Court of	Liberty County,
State of Texas, on the _	12	_ day of _	April	, 2011

County Judge

Attest:

County Clerk

Section 3 Policy

In accordance with 12 U.S.C. 1701u, (Section 3), the <u>County of Liberty</u> agrees to implement the following steps, which, to *the greatest extent feasible*, will provide job training, <u>employment</u> and <u>contracting opportunities</u> for Section 3 residents and Section 3 businesses of the areas in which the program/project is being carried out.

- A. Introduce and pass a resolution adopting this plan as a policy to strive to attain goals for compliance to Section 3 regulations by increasing opportunities for employment and contracting for Section 3 residents and businesses.
- B. Assign duties related to implementation of this plan to the designated Equal Rights Officer.
- C. Notify Section 3 residents and business concerns of potential new employment and contracting opportunities as they are triggered by TxCDBG grant awards through the use of: Public Hearings and related advertisements; public notices; bidding advertisements and bid documents; notification to local business organizations such as the Chamber(s) of Commerce or the Urban League; local advertising media including public signage; project area committees and citizen advisory boards; local HUD offices; regional planning agencies; and all other appropriate referral sources. Include Section 3 clauses in all covered solicitations and contracts.
- D. Maintain a list of those businesses that have identified themselves as Section 3 businesses for utilization in TxCDBG funded procurements, notify those businesses of pending contractual opportunities, and make this list available for general Grant Recipient procurement needs.
- E. Maintain a list of those persons who have identified themselves as Section 3 residents and contact those persons when hiring/training opportunities are available through either the Grant Recipient or contractors.
- F. Require that all Prime contractors and subcontractors with contracts over \$100,000 commit to this plan as part of their contract work. Monitor the contractors' performance with respect to meeting Section 3 requirements and require that they submit reports as may be required by HUD or TDRA to the Grant Recipient.
- G. Submit reports as required by HUD or TDRA regarding contracting with Section 3 businesses and/or employment as they occur; and submit reports within 20 days of calendar year end which identify and quantify Section 3 businesses and employees.
- H. Maintain records, including copies of correspondence, memoranda, etc., which document all actions taken to comply with Section 3 regulations.

As officers and representatives of the County of Liberty, we the undersigned have read and fully agree to this plan, and become a party to the full implementation of this program.

(wa mis) win	County Judge	4-12-11
Signature	Title	Date



Designation Form for Section 504 and Equal Opportunity/Fair Housing Officer



County:	Liberty
Address:	County of Liberty 1923 Sam Houston, Suite 201 Liberty, Texas 77575
Telephone Number:	(936) 336-4665
*********	***************
I, <u>Craig McNain</u> (Chief Elected Offi	:, County Judge , do hereby appointMaria Reves, cial and Tille)
Liberty. The Fair I responsible for the activities to be perfor Development Block Standards Officer is laws and regulations Program, including the listed on Exhibit Document Block Standards Officer is laws and regulations are program, including the listed on Exhibit Document Block Standards Officer is laws and regulations are laws and regulations.	Equal Opportunity/Section 504 Standards Officer for the County of Housing/Equal Opportunity/Section 504 Standards Officer shall be oversight and compliance of fair housing and equal opportunity med by the County of Liberty, as required by the Texas Community Grant Program. The Fair Housing/Equal Opportunity/Section 504 responsible for being familiar with and adhering to all civil rights a pertaining to the Texas Community Development Block Grant hose described in the TxCDBG Implementation Manual and those of the TxCDBG contract. [Signature]
Appointed by:	Date: 4-12-11

Liberty County Round 2.2 Project List

Project Priority	Description of the Project	Damage (D) or Failure To Function (FTF)	Impediment(s) Number (s) Addressed in the FHAST form	Estimated Cost
4	Water Facilities	Damage/Failure to Function	_	Ć4 F00 000 00
1	Water Facilities		5	\$1,500,000.00
2	Flood & Drainage	Damage/Failure to Function	5	\$3,000,000.00
		Damage/Failure to		4
3	Street Improvements	Function	5	\$2,500,000.00